

5.—Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Province of Ontario, 1937.

Industry.	Estab-lish-ments.	Capital.	Em-ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products. ¹
	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
1 Non-ferrous metal smelting and refining	7	88,229,188	6,380	10,223,088	113,911,485	192,248,914
2 Automobiles	9	54,220,174	14,480	21,480,937	92,216,000	133,315,645
3 Slaughtering and meat packing	62	30,194,115	5,162	6,980,966	62,779,797	75,917,387
4 Electrical apparatus and supplies	136	72,979,088	15,884	19,416,686	31,080,611	74,510,006
5 Pulp and paper	37	174,858,267	10,093	16,078,752	31,170,538	72,948,378
6 Flour and feed mills	622	25,664,756	3,111	2,888,144	59,672,848	70,815,603
7 Rubber goods, including footwear	32	53,312,956	9,356	10,825,369	25,979,621	61,040,569
8 Butter and cheese	982	25,408,606	7,331	7,498,341	39,405,922	54,744,598
9 Primary iron and steel	25	99,959,463	8,360	12,323,970	21,903,343	47,228,609
10 Automobile supplies	61	27,916,992	8,183	10,081,051	26,378,429	45,987,041
11 Machinery	149	42,340,271	7,993	10,074,711	15,487,936	38,093,540
12 Bread and other bakery products	1,262	22,807,508	10,168	10,006,150	18,151,648	36,367,699
13 Fruit and vegetable preparations	178	34,193,107	6,355	4,557,806	13,604,752	34,855,005
14 Hosiery and knitted goods	99	32,320,498	12,253	10,261,759	16,213,221	32,794,797
15 Sheet metal products	79	32,305,388	5,102	5,819,379	16,653,759	29,381,216
16 Printing and publishing	292	23,680,211	7,681	11,677,063	6,698,619	28,993,467
17 Petroleum products	14	20,444,475	2,129	3,360,737	24,751,152	28,842,214
18 Castings and forgings	111	29,120,444	7,669	9,331,780	11,288,650	28,172,336
19 Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc.	85	22,195,507	6,048	6,029,613	12,950,537	27,842,993
20 Coke and gas products	19	52,099,768	2,459	3,477,059	10,380,104	23,554,869
21 Leather tanneries	31	21,780,530	3,694	3,977,832	16,434,310	23,223,992
22 Brass and copper products	78	14,632,058	3,159	3,981,848	14,099,139	22,170,620
23 Railway rolling-stock	15	22,032,424	4,173	5,514,523	13,649,342	21,820,963
24 Printing and bookbinding	562	22,146,360	7,029	8,479,030	7,995,341	21,441,482
25 Boxes and bags, paper	86	14,459,787	4,064	4,449,474	10,970,052	19,016,500
26 Agricultural implements	26	59,986,980	6,166	7,109,663	8,950,605	17,139,802
27 Sawmills	695	19,125,069	5,737	4,288,091	9,582,805	17,644,737
28 Cotton yarn and cloth	17	15,316,337	5,492	4,683,301	9,416,707	17,557,163
29 Woollen cloth	32	15,011,895	4,696	4,211,566	10,292,123	17,544,839
30 Clothing, women's factory	224	8,589,979	5,980	5,380,519	9,430,037	17,044,367
31 Breweries	25	17,511,496	1,903	2,910,624	6,717,211	16,690,187
32 Acids, alkalies, and salts	12	22,277,527	2,021	3,094,798	3,958,359	16,145,428
33 Soaps and washing compounds	44	10,644,684	1,690	2,108,538	9,577,412	16,060,328
34 Furniture	222	17,477,464	6,587	5,922,360	6,494,646	15,734,206
35 Clothing, men's factory	53	6,960,925	1,842	5,439,147	8,059,801	15,419,144
36 Distilleries	9	18,822,681	4,104	1,396,723	3,780,791	15,354,038
37 Medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations	92	13,131,007	2,653	3,249,240	5,752,785	15,230,681
38 Hardware and tools	104	19,905,341	4,542	5,240,935	5,137,944	14,879,439
39 Boots and shoes, leather	66	10,795,583	5,131	4,666,681	7,681,443	14,639,105
40 Abrasive products	15	6,627,104	1,133	1,864,619	4,041,785	13,288,972
Totals, Forty Leading Industries	6,672	1,281,486,013	238,045	280,362,873	822,701,610	1,486,700,879
Totals, All Industri- s.	9,796	1,674,806,201	321,742	373,018,048	1,025,871,741	1,880,388,188
Percentages of forty leading industries to total of all industries in the Province	68.1	76.5	74.0	75.2	80.2	79.0

¹See footnote 1, Table 3, p. 457.

Section 4.—The Manufactures of the Prairie Provinces, 1937.

The leading industries of these Provinces are those based on their agricultural resources—their grain-growing, cattle-raising, and dairying areas. Next in importance, generally, are industries serving the resident population, such as bread and baking, printing and publishing, etc. The extensive railway services require large shops for the maintenance of rolling-stock. The widespread use of motor vehicles and power machinery on farms has given rise to petroleum refineries in each province. The greatly increased production of crude petroleum in Alberta seems likely to lead to further development of the refining industry. Manitoba, as the early commercial centre of the prairies, has had a greater industrial development than either of the other provinces. Its natural resources of accessible water powers, forests, and, more recently, minerals, have given rise to quite a diversification of industrial production.

Considering the three Provinces as an economic group, slaughtering and meat packing had the largest gross production in 1937, amounting to \$60,800,000, followed by flour milling with \$43,900,000, and butter and cheese with \$26,600,000. These three industries for the processing of the agricultural products of the Provinces accounted for 45 p.c. of their total manufacturing production.